# Structural telework: guidelines for good practice

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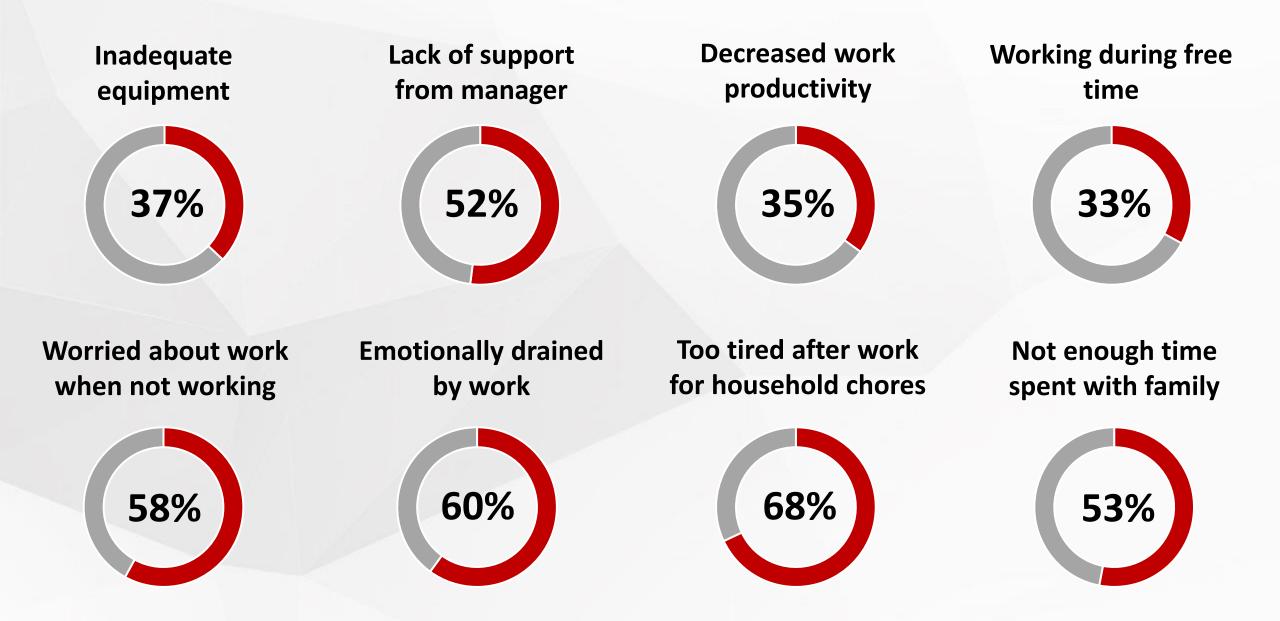
### A misleading definition

Telework is traditionally defined as the use of **information and communication technologies** (ICT) — such as smartphones, tablets, laptops and desktop computers — for the purpose of working **outside the employer's premises**<sup>1</sup>

Telework is a method of organising and performing work

Switching to telework requires a <u>reorganisation</u> of the conduct of work

#### The pandemic stress test



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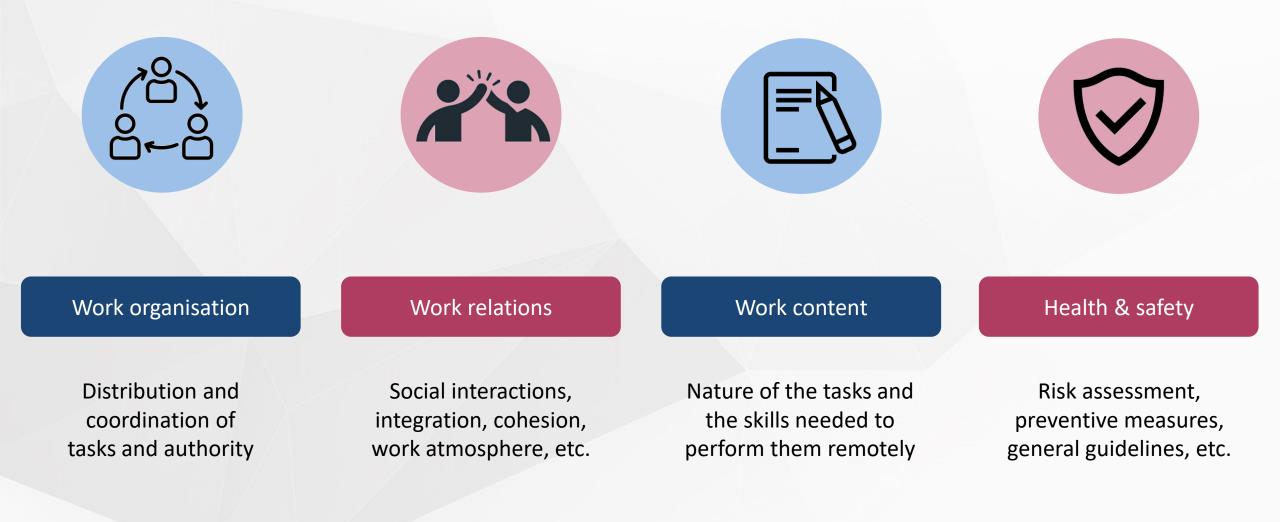
A fair share of these issues can be attributed to the **extraordinary nature** of the crisis

**Employers had little time** to implement anything beyond the immediate need to provide home working technology

But with greater adoption of structural telework across the globe, the risk is that a model of remote working which has **proved dysfunctional** becomes entrenched and widespread

We have therefore reached a **pivotal period**, and the lack of frame must be rectified if telework is to become a pervasive feature of our working lives

#### A holistic approach



**Research provides guidance, not off-the-shelf solutions** 

#### Work organisation

**∫** € ∅ Tasks to be performed remotely, **Clarifying roles and responsibilities for everyone involved** persons to report to, persons to seek help from, etc. Scheduling working time around Allowing flexibility in organizing working time and space personal responsibilities, flexible location of work, etc. Expected response times, preferred communication methods, shared Setting guidelines regarding communication methods calendars and documents, R2D, etc.

> Limiting the use of digital surveillance technologies, greater leeway in structuring one's work, etc.

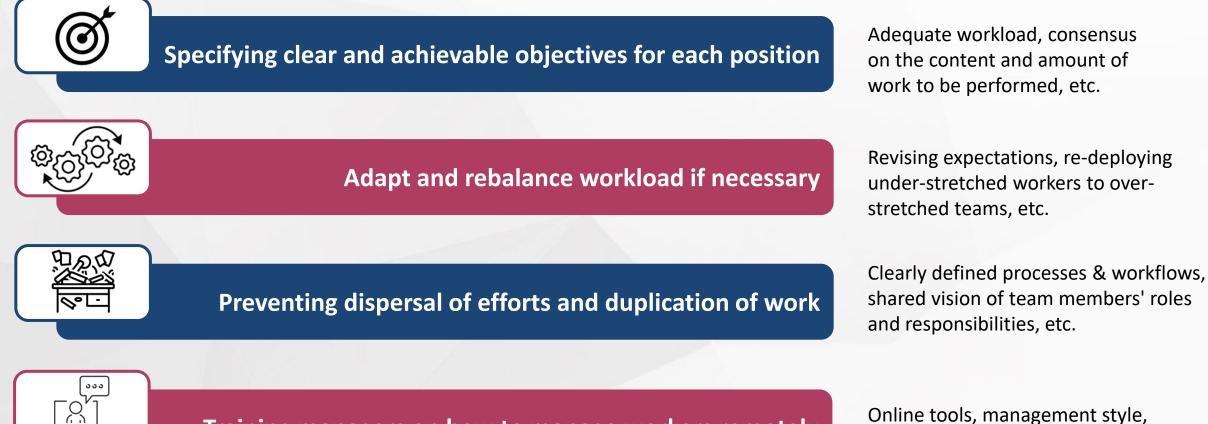


Finding the right balance between autonomy and control

#### **Work relations**

Election of representatives, **Ensuring proper dissemination of corporate information** introduction of new tools, modification of the telework policy, etc. Ξ Ο Virtual coffee corner, established **Promoting informal exchanges between workers** office traditions, team building, etc. Wellbeing check-ins, case-by-case **Promoting a culture of trust and openness** arrangements for work-life balance, etc. Maintaining a virtual presence, scheduling Fostering social and instrumental support regular 1-1 meetings, availability and supportiveness, etc.

#### Work content



Training managers on how to manage workers remotely

Online tools, management style, privacy requirements, etc.

### Health and safety

 Assessing and monitoring the risks related to telework
 Proactive safety culture, meaningful health and safety communication channels, early warning systems, etc.

 Image: Comparison of the same level of protection for all workers
 Teleworking brings risks of its own but also risks that are similar to those in the workplace.

 Image: Comparison of the same provided with adequate equipment
 Ergonomics furniture, second screen, office furniture, reimbursement of expenses, etc.

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**Raising employee's awareness on the risks** 

Blurred boundaries, musculoskeletal disorders, professional isolation, burnout, etc.

## The impact of teleworking



# Thank you For your attention

